

MORNING VISITOR.

TERMS—\$2 PER ANNUM, CASH.

CITY OF WARSAW.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 14.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GEN. LEWIS CASS.
Of Michigan.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
GEN. WM. O. BUTLER,
Of Kentucky.

Electors for President and Vice President.
1st Dist.—J. C. WELBORN, of Pike.
2nd " —A. McKINNEY, of Randolph.
3d " —E. B. EWING, of Ray.
4th " —G. D. HALL, of Lafayette.
5th " —B. F. MASSEY, of Lawrence.
6th " —J. H. RELFE, of Washington.
7th " —TRUSTEN POLK, St. Louis.

WHIG TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
Gen ZACHARY TAYLOR,
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
MILLARD FILLMORE.

Electors for President and Vice President.
1st Dist.—T. L. ANDERSON, of Marion.
2nd " —A. LEONARD, of Howard.
3d " —A. W. DONIPHAN, of Clay.
4th " —J. C. RICHARDSON, of Cooper.
5th " —CHAS. N. HANDY, of Benton.
6th " —ALVIN COOK, of C. Girardeau.
7th " —URIEL WRIGHT, of St. Louis.

PREACHING NOTICE.

Rev. A. H. MARNEZ, President of South-west Missouri High School, will preach in the Court-house in this place TO-DAY and TO-MORROW at the usual hours for divine service.

Read in Mind,

That the Presidential Election is held on the FIRST TUESDAY, THE 7th DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, and that it lasts but for 'ONE DAY ONLY!'

State Senator.—The Governor has issued his proclamation to the Sheriff of Pettis county, and through him to the Sheriffs of Saline and Benton, ordering that an election be held at the usual places of voting in said counties, for the election of a State Senator in the place of Gen. Wm. Shields, resigned. Solomon J. Lowe, Esq., of Pettis county, is already announced as a candidate to fill the vacancy.—Mr. L. is a democrat, and is favorably known to many in this county, and probably much better known in other parts of the district.

We notice in the last number of the Missouri Statesman, that Charles N. Handy, Esq., Whig Presidential Elector for this district, is announced as a candidate to fill the vacancy in this Senatorial district. We do not know on what authority this announcement is made, but we are led to look upon it as rather premature, as by the requirements of the Constitution, we doubt whether Mr. H. is eligible to the office. A person, to be capable of serving as Senator in the State Legislature, must be thirty years of age, four years a resident of the State, and one year a resident of the district which he proposes to represent. We believe Mr. Handy's short residence in the State disqualifies him for the station, even were he otherwise qualified, and so fortunate as to be elected. We know nothing in relation to his being a candidate, except what we learn from the Statesman.

The election to fill this vacancy, is to be held on Tuesday the 7th day of Nov. next—the same day as the Presidential election. Let this be borne in mind.

The annual meeting of the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance in this State, will be held in St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 18th inst.

A grand Democratic Mass Meeting is to be held at Fayette on Monday next, 18th inst. Senators Benton and Atchison are expected to be present and address the meeting.

Col. Fremont.—The last Jefferson Inquirer says: "Lieut. Col. Fremont, and 35 of his men, passed up the river on board the steamer Martha, last Thursday, on their way to California. Col. Fremont's lady accompanies him as far as Westport. At that place the celebrated Kit Carson meets him, and joins his command. They will go by the way of Santa Fe."

Brig. Gen. Sterling Price arrived at Independence on the 29th ult., and is said to be in excellent health. His entire regiment of volunteers were expected to arrive at Independence about the 10th, where they were to be paid off and discharged.

The Governor has appointed Ayres Hudspeth, Esq., of the Senate, and Benj. Tompkins and John T. Crenshaw, Esqs., of the House of Representatives, a committee to examine the books of the Auditor and Treasurer of State, and report to the next General Assembly.

The last Jefferson Inquirer contains the official returns from every county in the State, for Governor, Lt. Governor and Members of Congress, from which it appears that the Democratic majority for Governor is 15,053, for Lieut. Governor 15,234 and the vote for members of Congress shows a popular majority of 18,935.

The following sensible and well-spoken truths, we copy from the last No. of the Jefferson City Metropolitan. It is beginning to be time for the secular press of the South to raise its voice against the course about to be pursued by these fanatics of the free States, who are thrusting their preachers among us, contrary to the plan of separation as agreed upon in the General Conference of 1844,—a plan which the North itself proposed and submitted as the basis for a separation or division of the Church. We hope that these men from the Illinois Conference will be closely watched, that no improper influence may be exerted over the colored population of our State. We think the people of Missouri quite as competent to the task of managing their domestic concerns as their neighbors of Illinois can be, and when their advice and aid in these matters is wanted, it will be time enough for them to lend their assistance.

ABOLITION MOVEMENT.

We observe in the St. Louis papers, that the Annual Conference of the M. E. Church, North, of Illinois, has made appointments for the different circuits and stations of this State. This attempt to exercise ecclesiastical jurisdiction in Missouri is in direct violation of the plan of separation as agreed upon in the General Conference of the M. E. Church in 1844, and cannot be viewed in any other light than as a contemptuous disregard of the legal and constitutional action of the M. E. Church, South. We understand that the Annual Conference referred to, passed resolutions at its recent sitting, declaring the action of the General Conference of 1844 unauthorized and unconstitutional, and therefore, null and void. Hence, this impudent assumption of a right to send in preachers among us from Illinois. This movement, taken in connection with the fact that the division of the M. E. Church was effected by the agitation of the slavery question, on the part of the fanatics of the free States, and the additional fact of the simultaneous effort recently made in different parts of the Union to get up an excitement on the subject of slavery, becomes one of significance, and deserves the attention of the people of Missouri. We are by no means desirous of getting up any improper excitement on this subject. Our object is merely to call public attention to the matter, so that these men who have been sent among us from Illinois may be narrowly watched and prevented from tampering with our negro population.

We look upon this action of the Annual Conference of Illinois, as a flagrant violation of the Constitutional authority of the General Conference, as an invasion of the rights of the Church South, and as intended for no good purpose.

From the St. Louis Union:

ST. LOUIS CONFERENCE OF THE M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH.

Whereas, We feel a deep and abiding solicitude for the temporal comfort and spiritual prosperity of the people of color within our bounds; and whereas, We have reason to apprehend that Northern preachers recently sent among us, will seek to mislead and alienate them from their present church relations; and whereas, We fear that amid the excitement which has agitated the country and the church, respecting their civil condition, too little regard has been paid to their spiritual welfare; therefore,

1. Resolved, That while we freely pledge ourselves to seek, in every practicable way, the amelioration of the temporal and spiritual condition of the colored people within our bounds, we can have no sympathy with those who either openly or clandestinely interfere with the civil relations between the master and slave.

2. Resolved, That it is desirable to keep our colored societies as closely united as possible to the whites, by having them to worship in the same church, when they are not too numerous, and, at all events, by keeping them under the same pastoral

charge, except under peculiar circumstances, in our large cities.

3. Resolved, That where they have churches of their own, they ought to have as large a share as possible of the services of the regular travelling preachers, and where they have no distinct place of worship, seats should always be appropriated for them in the churches of the whites, from which they ought on no occasion to be excluded.

4. Resolved, That the exercise of discipline, the administration of the ordinances, the holding of love feasts, the meeting of classes, and in general, all pastoral duties, should be attended to among them in due form by the preacher in person.

5. Resolved, That the preacher should endeavor either in person or with the aid of competent laymen, to give catechetical instruction to all, whether children or adults, who will attend.

6. Resolved, That we earnestly entreat our members and friends generally, to pay special attention to the religious instruction of the colored people connected with their families, whether as slaves or hired servants, by affording them facilities for attending public worship, for obtaining catechetical instruction, and for participating in the devotions of the family, and that it is the duty of every preacher to enforce these obligations, both in public and in private.

J. BOYLE,
T. H. CAPERS.

WM. W. JONES, Sec'y.

On motion, It was ordered that a copy of the above preamble and resolutions be furnished the Missouri Republican and St. Louis Union, with a request that they publish the same, and that through them, the press in the State generally, be respectfully requested to give them an insertion.

WM. W. JONES, Sec'y.

St. Louis An. Conf. M. E. C., South.

APPOINTMENTS OF ST. LOUIS CONFERENCE, M. E. C. SOUTH.

St. Louis District.—N. G. Berryman, P. E.
St. Louis—Fourth street Station—J. H. Linn.
Centenary—W. H. Lewis.
Mound—N. B. Peterson.
Wesley Chapel—J. H. Headlee.
Asbury Chapel—F. A. Morris.
African Mission—A. Millice.
St. Louis Ct.—T. H. Capers.
Hillsboro Ct.—N. H. Watts.
Union Ct.—E. B. Headlee.
Herman Mission—J. O. Woods.

Cape Girardeau District.—D. W. Pollock, P. E.

Cape Girardeau Ct.—L. P. Rowland & E. E. Dedge.
Charlestown Ct.—G. W. Bushey.
New Madrid Ct.—G. W. Love.
Benton Ct.—C. Eaker.
Little Prairie Ct.—to be supplied.
Crooked Creek Ct.—J. M. Proctor.
Fredericktown Ct.—J. R. Burke.
Greenville Ct.—Cullin Penny.
Arcadia High School—J. G. Berryman, sup't.

Potosi District.—J. M. Kelley, P. E.

Potosi Ct.—W. Wharton.
Richwoods Ct.—E. F. Headlee.
Steelville Ct.—C. L. Spencer.
Jakes Prairie Ct.—T. C. James.
Black River Ct.—E. Allen.
Hartsville Ct.—J. N. White.
Houston Mission—P. O. Clayton.
Mill Creek Ct.—to be supplied.
Thomasville Ct.—J. W. Hawkins.
Centerville Ct.—C. Bolles.

Springfield District.—B. R. Johnson, P. E.

Springfield Station—A. H. Mathews.
Springfield Ct.—H. G. Joplin.
Bolivar Ct.—R. A. Foster.
Osceola Ct.—W. H. Shroder.
Femont & Little Osage—J. Small & G. W. Hood.
Greenfield Ct.—to be supplied.
Mt. Vernon Ct.—J. T. Deavenport.
Forsythe Ct.—to be supplied.
Neosho Ct.—Joseph Bond.
Carthage Ct.—to be supplied.

South-West Missouri High School—A. H. Mathews, President.

Lexington District.—J. R. Bennett, P. E.

Lexington Station—Joseph Boyle.
Lexington Ct.—D. S. Capell.
Dover Ct.—Joseph Dines.
Columbus Ct.—D. A. Leeper.
Independence Station—T. T. Ashby.
Independence Ct.—J. L. Porter.
Harrisonville Ct.—S. Williams.
Warsaw Ct.—J. C. Derrick.
Georgetown Ct.—W. T. Cardwell.
Deep Water Ct.—R. B. Vernon & Shoemate.
Arrow Rock Ct.—W. W. Jones.
Boonville District.—E. Perkins, P. E.
Boonville Station—James Mitchell.

Boonville Ct.—J. K. Lacy.
Jefferson City—Jonathan Stamper.
Jefferson Ct.—S. Colburn.
Linn Ct.—R. D. Simms.
Erie Ct.—J. Burchard.
Buffalo Mission—G. W. Effinger.
Versailles Ct.—J. B. H. Woolridge.
Next Session of Conference to be held at Jefferson City.

By Telegraph for the St. Louis Union.
FOREIGN NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE HERMANN.
FOUR DAYS LATER.

New York, Oct. 4.

The American Steamer *Hermann* was telegraphed this afternoon at five o'clock, and has since arrived at her wharf. She sailed from Southampton on the 20th ult., and brings advices four days later than the *America* from Liverpool.

An express arrived from Paris on Tuesday. The "Reform" newspaper announced the return of Louis Napoleon as a delegate to the National Assembly from the city of Versailles. The result of the elections was not known, but it was supposed that the candidates of the Moderate party had the best chance. In some of the Arrondissements, the ticket put forward by the Socialists received a great many votes; so has the partisans of Louis Napoleon in others. Marshal Bugeaud has a great number of votes; but on the whole, the Moderates were likely to carry the National Assembly. The "National" asserts that the English and French fleets had interfered and saved Medina from bombardment. Unfortunately, however, the "Debate" publishes precise details of quite a contrary character.

Charles Albert had arrived at Turin, and requested his cabinet to resign, so that he might form another in accordance with the wants of the country.

The Piedmontese *Gazette* states, that the steamer *Vesuvius* had been ordered by the Sicilian government to land troops at Malazzo. The Neapolitan troops had advanced from Messina, but were repulsed on the 8th, and the Government had ordered the formation of new camps.

Advices from Turkey report the cholera to be raging. Another fire had occurred in Constantinople, by which two hundred houses were consumed.

The accounts from Ireland represent the country in the same distracted state as by the last advices—particularly in the Rural districts. Bonfires were still burning. The military were kept under arms, and a collision was hourly expected.

ARRIVAL OF THE CAMBRIA.

THREE DAYS LATER.

NEW YORK, OCT. 6.

The steamer *Cambria* arrived at Boston this afternoon, having left Liverpool on the 23d ult., and bringing three days later advices than the *Hermann*.

IRELAND.—The Irish are still foiled by the vigilance of the police and military to suppress them, and capture their leaders.

There are various opinions as to the result of the State trials, and the course the Government will adopt if a verdict of guilty is obtained.

Paris is gloomy. It is the general opinion that Cavaignac and the Assembly cannot establish a Republic, and yet none offer a remedy without hazard of a conflict, which the friends of order deprecate. Military conspiracies are greatly feared. Cavaignac is considered honest

in his intentions, and could give an excellent government.

Frankfort has been the scene of sanguinary revolt. Thirty barricades were erected & desperately defended by the people. At the last accounts the revolt had not been suppressed.

The continental system of police still exercises an injurious influence on commerce, and creates doubt and uncertainty as to the correct state of affairs.

The business of the manufacturing is diminishing, and prices are receding. The factories are adopting shorter time of payments.

The armistice between Denmark and Prussia has been ratified by the Frankfort Assembly.

Vienna has been the scene of fresh disturbances and bloodshed.

Hamburg has suffered from local disturbances. Hostilities have been suspended.

Accounts from Northern Italy announce the acceptance of the mediation of France and England in the difficulties with Austria, but it is feared that influences are working to lead to efforts on the part of Naples to subjugate Sicily.

FROM VENEZUELA.

Monegas has exacted the large sum of \$20,000, (duties already paid to the preceding government,) from one American mercantile establishment, and on their refusal to re-pay, confiscated all their property.

The people of St. Thomas, who are said to have upwards of one million dollars outstanding debts, due to them on the main land, anticipate with great delight, the speedy downfall of Monegas, and the ascendancy of Paetz.

From the People's Organ.

Later.—An arrival at Nantucket brings intelligence that General Paetz has defeated the squadron under Monegas, near the Island of Marquereta. The Commodore's vessel was sunk, and ten sail of vessels captured. The Commodore and his officers were taken prisoners.—Paetz has issued a proclamation, determining to re-establish the Venezuela Constitution.

Hecker.—It is said that Hecker, the Republican, who tried to set on foot a Revolution in Baden, Germany, is on his way to the United States, and will probably take up his residence in our city.

A money lender serves you in the present tense, he lends you in the conditional mood, keeps you in the subjective, and ruins you in the future.

Dwellers in Bilious Regions can successfully resist the tendency to disease by the timely administration of "Smith's Tonic Syrup, or Vegetable Bile-Fuge,"—a course already adopted by thousands of families in the South and West, to ward off Fever and Ague during the summer and autumn months.

The genuine try be had from
BROWN & DUNN.

THE MARCH OF MIND.

The rapidity and velocity of startling facts revealed to man, when his appeals are earnestly made to nature, are such, that incredulity is no longer a virtue. We are no longer surprised to see announced the accomplishment of any apparent impossibility. Mind can hardly be said to march—in "these latter days." It runs, it flies, it wills, and the thing is accomplished. Among the many other revelations of nature, is Dr. J. M. Martien's Never-failing Worm-destroying Medicine—a discovery which may be made instrumental in saving the lives of thousands, and tens of thousands of the human family. Could there be a more humble and useful discovery? "Multiply & replenish the earth," is a command from our Creator. And how can this command be kept without paying strict attention to the helpless infant, and the budding youth? Dr. Martien's medicine never fails to destroy Worms, expel them from the body, and restore the system to health and vigor—but are equally good for Coughs, Colds,

Whooping Cough, Measles, and all the diseases that children are subject to.—The medicine is perfectly harmless in their effects, and never debilitates. A trial is all that is necessary to recommend them. This remedy is sold by
BROWN & DUNN, Warsaw.

Candidates' Department.

STATE SENATOR.

We are authorized to announce **SOL-OMON J. LOWE**, Esq., of Pettis county, as a candidate for State Senator for the counties of Saline, Pettis and Benton, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Gen. Wm. Shields.

CIRCUIT ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce **WM. J. MAYO**, Esq., as a candidate for Circuit Attorney for the 7th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Benton, Hickory, Dallas, Polk, Cedar, St. Clair and Henry.

We are authorized to announce **MARK L. MEANS**, Esq., as a candidate for Circuit Attorney for the 7th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Benton, Hickory, Dallas, Polk, Cedar, St. Clair and Henry.
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To the Public.

WHEREAS, one A. B. NEPHER left this place a short time since and has gone to parts unknown, we take this method of cautioning the public against said Nepher, as he is an infamous liar, a heartless and unmitigated scoundrel and a gambler by profession, and totally unworthy the confidence of an intelligent community. It is supposed that he left here for the purpose of selecting a location with a view of commencing the practice of medicine, for which vocation he is totally unqualified, and before it becomes generally known, he may have been the means of bringing many good and unsuspecting citizens to premature graves by his system of quackery. We reside in the City of Warsaw, and perhaps may remain here during life, and are ready to account for any charge above stated.

A. H. WEBB,
B. F. BIBB.

Warsaw, Oct. 14, 1848.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has obtained from the Judge of the Probate Court of Cedar County, letters of administration on the estate of Noah W. Simrell, deceased, bearing date the 14th day of September, 1848.

All persons having claims against said estate, are hereby notified to present them for allowance within one year from the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from having any benefit of said estate, and if such claims are not presented within three years, they will be forever barred.

SAMUEL SIMRELL, adm'r.
oct14-31-37

Final Settlement.

ALL persons interested are hereby notified that the undersigned, administrators of the estate of Rowland McDaniell, deceased, will at the next November term of the Henry County Court, apply for a final settlement of our administration of said estate.

HANNAH McDANIEL, Adm'r.
JNO. S. LINGLE, Adm'r.
oct14-41-37

Tremendous Excitement

IN THE MERCANTILE BUSINESS!

Unheard-of Low Prices—Manufacturers' ruin!—Immense arrival of new Fall and Winter Goods, at

BENNETT & SHEPARD'S

WE have just returned from St. Louis, and having found all kinds of Goods selling at such ruinous prices, we were tempted to purchase more than double the amount which we usually buy in at this season of the year. These Goods are now open and exposed for sale, and we feel justified in saying that we are offering them at from 25 to 50 per cent. cheaper than ever before.

All our Goods for the use of the Ladies have been selected with our usual well known good taste, and are warranted to be of the latest and best styles. Please give us a call before purchasing, and if low prices will sell them they are bound to go.
oct7 BENNETT & SHEPARD.

PANCY GOODS.—Fringes and Gimps of all colors & widths, worsted hoods, capliners, mitts, shell and horn, tuck and side Combs, hooks and eyes, dolls, jewelry, gloves, hosiery, pins, needles, &c., &c. for sale cheap by
B. & SHEPARD.

CALICOES.—250 pieces English and American Calicoes, selected with our well known good taste, and selling at prices ruinous to the manufacturers.
oct7 BENNETT & SHEPARD.

Winter Dress Goods.

WE have the largest stock of Winter Dress Goods ever exhibited in this place. Among them are—Black, Plain and Fig'd. Alpaca, Plaid and Mode col'd. do., Oregon and California Plaid, Muslin de Laine and Cashmeres, col'd. and Plaid Linen, etc.

We are selling them 25 per cent. cheaper than last year. B. & SHEPARD.

WOMAN WANTED.

WANTED to purchase a Negro Woman, between the ages of 18 and 30 years—one that has been accustomed to do house work—for which a fair price in CASH will be paid, if immediate application is made to
JAS. H. LAY,
10 miles N. W. of Warsaw.